RECORD HOUSES 2017

Over the years our Record Houses selections have veered from the quirky, quixotic, and idiosyncratic to the ruggedly vernacular or elegantly modern. They also range from solutions for tight urban sites to more remote, expansive properties. What ties them together? Practicality? Modest budgets? Efficient layouts? Not really. We value the experimental, the imaginative, and the unexpected, along with a strong sense of craft, exploration of materials, and skillful manipulation of spaces. So, come with us as we visit the latest winning houses in Japan, Chile, France, and America.
The Sum of Its Parts

A four-volume family home on Long Island reflects the quiet history of its surroundings.

BY MIRIAM SITZ

PHOTOGRAPHY BY MICHAEL MORAN/OTTO

three years after working with Bates Masi + Architects on a location home in Montauk, New York (ar.sc, April 2012, page 68), Rick and Alicia Scanlon returned to the East Hampton–based firm to design a primary residence for their family of five, farther west on Long Island. They desired a location that would offer good schools and other conveniences of suburban life but also easy access to New York City. The couple selected a three-acre site in Matinecock, New York—a small residential community with 18th-century Quaker roots, in the Town of Oyster Bay. “I wanted to be right in the village,” says Alicia. “Not way down a winding road.” The property is also situated less than a mile from the Friends Academy, where their three children attend school.

In spite of its being entirely new construction, the house manages to blend seamlessly into its context on a residential street in close proximity to existing homes. “The first thing we wanted was to make sure we were sensitive to the neighborhood,” says Alicia. “I didn’t want to overbuild.” In that vein, the clients also requested spaces that they would regularly occupy; there would be no formal parlors here. “We dissected the typical residential program and deciphered what they really needed,” says firm partner Paul Masi, who led the design of the 6,300-square-foot project. “They use every inch of it.”

Taking cues from older structures in the village, the house is clad in

MEETINGHOUSE. Situated on a three-acre corner plot with neighbors in close proximity, the house comprises four distinct structures (above) connected by interior passageways. The living room (left) opens fully to the backyard when an operable glazed wall retracts.
NEW PERSPECTIVES

A sunken courtyard allows natural light to reach below-grade rooms (opposite, top). Large works of art are found throughout the house, including a portrait by Raphael Mazzucco in the entryway that provides a focal point for the long hall (opposite, bottom). Two islands—one stationary, the other on castors—anchor the large, airy kitchen (right). That space flows to the dining room and, when the glazed walls there are opened, to the lawn (bottom).

cedar shingles, weathered to a cool silver gray. Bluestone cut to similar dimensions as the shingles provides visual continuity as paving and cladding on below-grade areas. “I wanted it to be very subtle,” says Alicia. The family, who had lived in Singapore for more than 15 years prior to returning to the States and settling in Long Island, desired the new steel-frame building to be a welcoming space, suitable for entertaining. It also would evoke their former home in the tropical island nation by blurring the line between indoors and out. Masi conceived of the residence as a group of four separate but interconnected pavilions. At the heart of the cluster, the largest volume provides ample space for eating, entertaining, and relaxing. Family bedrooms are located in a second structure, including the parents’ double-bath suite—complete with a private atrium—and children’s rooms above, accessible via a stadium stair. Another section includes a guest suite and offices, while the fourth contains service areas, the garage, and a basement where a gym and game room lead out to a sunken terrace.

The architects placed courtyards, open to the sky, at the center of each space in order to funnel natural light into all sections of the house. The roofs around these iner-tions, which are higher on the north, street-facing side to retain privacy, take the form of an abstracted gable, recalling the shape of nearby buildings. Generous floor-to-ceiling glazing around the atriums and on select walls permits views across and through the residence. “The courtyard breaks it up just enough so there’s some privacy, but I can still sort of sense where everybody is,” says Alicia. Most of the window walls are operable, sliding into deep pockets. “They open up and, suddenly, you’re in a landscape,” says Masi. Butt-jointed glazing maintains this effect even when the windows are closed.

In deferring to the local vernacular, the architects emphasized the multifaceted character of natural and industrial materials. A restrained palette and sense of craft...
The Underhill House provided the architects with the refreshing opportunity to create a year-round residence, rather than the weekend houses for which the firm is particularly known. Balancing the need for both privacy and spaces that bring the family together on a daily basis, the design reflects the clients’ vision for a good home life. Says Masi, “It’s a place for people who really live here.”

Great Outdoors: The architects fashioned a bench from walnut wood—the same wood used in the cabinetry— for a courtyard just beyond a seating area near the house’s main entrance (opposite, top). The corner of the master suite dissolves into the landscape when the two glazed walls are withdrawn (opposite, bottom). The building’s roofs, which dip down toward the atriums, are lower on the sides facing the south lawn, maximizing privacy and capturing sunlight (above).